

Renal-II, Endocrine & Reproduction-II MODULE 4th Year MBBS

KMU (IHPER)- Central Curriculum Committee

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Khyber Medical University (KMU) Vision:

Khyber Medical University will be the global leader in health sciences academics and research for efficient and compassionate health care.

Khyber Medical University (KMU) Mission:

Khyber Medical University aims to promote professional competence through learning and innovation for providing comprehensive quality health care to the nation.

Institute of Health Professions Education & Research (IHPER) Mission:

To produce leaders, innovators and researchers in health professions education who can apply global knowledge to resolve local issues.

Themes

Table 1: Themes

S. No	Theme	Duration in days
1	Tall/short stature	3
2	Neck swelling and Muscle cramps	6
3	Excessive thirst and urination	6
4	Moon face	5
5	Infertility and pregnancy	15
6	Breast lump	3

Teaching Hours Allocation

Table 2: Total hours of different subjects

S#	Subject	Hours
1	Pathology	44
2	Pharmacology	23
3	Forensic medicine	16
4	Medicine	19
5	Community medicine	30
6	Gynaecology	14
7	Surgery	05
8	Paediatrics	02
9	Physiology	02
10	Urology	01
11	Neurosurgery	01
12	Family medicine	03
13	PRIME/MEDICAL EDUCATION	2
14	Research*	14**
	Total	162

* Two hours per week for research project in the whole academic session

**these hours are neither included in total hours nor in assessment as separate marks have been allotted to research in viva

Learning Objectives

By the end of Endocrine & Reproduction Module, 4th year MBBS students will be able to:

- 1) Describe the pathology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyper and hypopituitarism
- 2) Describe the pathology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyper and hypothyroidism, and hypoparathyroidism
- 3) Describe the classification, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Diabetes mellitus
- 4) Explain the pathology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyper and hypoadrenalism
- 5) Explain the causes of male and female infertility and its management
- 6) Explain the classification, pathology, and management of testicular tumors
- 7) Explain benign and malignant breast disease
- 8) Discuss the etiology, risk factors, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of carcinoma of breast
- 9) Describe the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of pituitary, gonadal, pancreatic, thyroid, and adrenocortical hormones, their synthetic analogues and antagonists, and their role in the management of relevant disease conditions
- 10)Formulate prescriptions for patients with Graves' disease and Diabetes mellitus
- 11)Discuss the laws related to sexual offenses, and management of a rape victim in forensic aspects
- 12)Explain the pathophysiology and surgical management of benign prostatic hyperplasia and carcinoma of the prostate

Table 3: Theme Wise Learning Objectives

	Theme-1: Tall / short stature							
Subject	Торіс	Hours	S. No	Learning Objectives At the end of this module, the students of year 4 MBBS will be able to:				
Pathology	Pituitary gland- Physiological anatomy	1	1 2	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of pituitary gland Explain the functions of hormones of the anterior and posterior pituitary gland and their regulation by the Hypothalamus				
	Hyperpituitarism/Pituitary adenomas: Prolactinomas Somatotrophic tumors Corticotrophic tumors others	1	3 4 5	Explain the causes of hyperpituitarism Discuss the gross and microscopic structure of pituitary adenomas, and the hormones secreted from these Explain the clinical manifestations of different types of pituitary adenomas				
Medicine	Hypopituitarism Acromegaly/Gigantism	1 2	6 7	Describe the etiology and clinical manifestations of hypopituitarism Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, treatment, and complications of Acromegaly/gigantism				
	Hyperprolactinemia		8	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of hyperprolactinemia				

	Hypopituitarism/Sheehan`s		9	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations and treatment
	syndrome			of Hypopituitarism and Sheehan`s syndrome
Pharmacology	Growth hormone	1	10	Describe the sources of Growth hormone (old and new sources)
			11	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses and adverse effects of Growth hormone
	Growth hormone	-	12	Enlist Growth hormone antagonists
	antagonists (Octreotide		13	Describe the clinical role of Octreotide in acromegaly
	and others)		14	Describe the route of administration, dosage, and adverse effects of
				octreotide in acromegaly and gigantism
	Bromocriptine	1	15	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
				of Bromocriptine
Pediatrics	Short stature	1	16	Describe the method to measure and plot height; and calculate height velocity. and midparental, target height to allow early diagnosis of growth disorders in pediatric patients
			17	Explain the diagnostic criteria that allow to differentiate causes of growth deficiency
			18	Discuss the tools for better communication with patients and families and coordination of multidisciplinary care
			19	Discuss treatment of growth hormone deficiency or other diseases responsible for short stature and their appropriate management
Neurosurgery	Surgical management of	1	20	Explain the surgical treatment and complications of pituitary
	pituitary adenoma			macro/microadenomas
	Occupational Health:	1	21	Define occupational health

Community	Introduction		22	Discuss importance of occupational health
medicine			23	Describe ergonomics
			24	Describe principles and responsibilities of occupational health
				officer [OHO]
	Physical hazards	1	25	Enumerate physical hazards (heat, cold, noise, light, vibrations,
				pressure effect, Radiations)
			26	Discuss its ill effects on health
			27	Discuss its preventive measures
	Chemical hazards	1	28	Enumerate chemical hazards (inorganic dust diseases, organic dust
				diseases, metals & chemicals)
			29	Discuss its ill effects on health
			30	Discuss preventive measures
	Mechanical, Biological &	1	31	Describe mechanical hazards
	Psychosomatic hazards		32	Discuss control measures of mechanical hazards
			33	Discuss control measures of mechanical hazards
			34	Discuss control measures of biological hazards
			35	Describe psychosomatic stressors
			36	Discuss control measures of psychosomatic stressors
	Animal hazards	1	37	Describe types, prevalence, and statistics of snake bite
			38	Discuss prevention and management of snake bite
			39	Discuss causes of poor management with respect to awareness and
				vaccination

	Preventive measures,	1	40	Describe various preventive measures of occupational hazards
	health insurance, social			(Medical engineering and legal measure)
	security schemes		41	Discuss role and benefits of health insurance
			42	Discuss social security and its benefits
	Demography:	3	43	Define demography and various related terms
	Introduction		44	Explain and interpret population pyramid
			45	Explain demographic transition
			46	Describe the causes of high and low fertility and mortality
	Growth rate		47	Define population growth rate, CDR, CBR
			48	Describe growth rate
			49	Describe population explosion & its implications
			50	Explain advantages of population control
	Demographic indicators		51	Describe the demographic indicators of Pakistan
PRIME/MEDICAL	Dealing with patients	1	52	Serve the patient as an individual, considering lifestyle, beliefs, and
EDUCATION				support system
	Community Need analysis		53	Identify the health care needs of community
	Gender based violence	1		Classify gender-based violence
				Explain the reasons for gender-based violence
				Discuss the outcomes of gender-based violence
				Explain the preventive strategies for gender-based violence
				Discuss the legal implications of gender-based violence in Pakistani
				context.

	Theme-2:	Neck	k swe	lling and muscle cramps
Physiology	Physiologic anatomy of the	1	54	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of Thyroid gland
	Thyroid gland		55	Explain the synthesis and functions of hormones of the thyroid gland and their regulation by the anterior pituitary
Pathology	Hyperthyroidism including Grave`s disease	1	56	Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis and morphology of Hyperthyroidism and Grave`s disease
	Hypothyroidism	1	57	Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, and clinical features of Hypothyroidism
	Thyroiditis	1	58	Discuss the classification, morphology, and presentations of Thyroiditis
	Multinodular goitre		59	Explain the etiology, clinical features, and complications of multinodular goitre
	Thyroid malignancies	1	60	Classify thyroid malignant disorders
			61	Explain morphology, clinical features, and prognosis of thyroid malignancies
Medicine	Hyperthyroidism including Grave`s disease	1	62	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations and treatment and prognosis of Hyperthyroidism and Grave`s disease
			63	Explain the pathogenesis, clinical features, and management of Grave`s Ophthalmopathy
	Hypothyroidism	2	64	Discuss the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hypoparathyroidism
	Thyroiditis		65	Describe the classification, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Thyroiditis

	Multinodular goitre	1	66	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management approach to a patient with multinodular goitre
	Thyroid malignancies		67	Classify thyroid malignant disorders
			68	Discuss the pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations, and management of Thyroid malignancies
	Hyperparathyroidism	1	69	Discuss the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyperparathyroidism
	Hypoparathyroidism		70	Discuss the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hypoparathyroidism
Pharmacology	Thyroid hormones	1	71	Enlist thyroid preparations (used clinically as well as older-obsolete ones)
			72	Describe the mechanism of action, pharmacological effects, clinical use and adverse effects of Thyroxine (T ₄) and Tri-iodothyronine (T ₃)
	Antithyroid drugs	2	73	Classify Antithyroid drugs
			74	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Thioamides
			75	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Potassium iodide
			76	Describe Lugol's iodine solution
			77	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Radioactive iodine (¹³¹ I)
			78	Describe the use of B-blockers in hyperthyroid patients
Pediatrics	Congenital hypothyroidism	1	79	Discuss the types and clinical features of hypoparathyroidism
			80	Discuss investigations and treatment of Hypoparathyroidism

Community	lodine deficiency / Goitre	1	81	Discuss sources of iodine and goitrogens
medicine			82	Discuss iodine deficiency disorders and daily requirement of lodine
			83	Explain the epidemiological determinants and control strategies for
				iodine deficiency/goitre
	Theme-3	: Exc	essiv	ve thirst and urination
Pathology	Diabetes Mellitus	1	84	Classify Diabetes mellitus
	Classification		85	Explain the diagnostic criteria of DM
	Diagnosis		86	Explain the mechanisms of insulin resistance
	Insulin resistance		87	Explain the mechanisms of beta cell dysfunction
	• Beta cell		88	Explain the acute and chronic complications of DM
	dysfunction			
	Complications			
	o Acute			
	o Chronic			
	Pancreatic neuroendocrine	1	89	Describe the types and clinical presentations of pancreatic
	tumors			neuroendocrine tumors
Medicine	Diabetes mellitus	2	90	Explain the different types of DM
	Types		91	Discuss the mechanism presentation, and management of insulin
	Insulin resistance			resistance
	syndromes		92	Discuss the clinical features of DM
	• Clinical features		93	Explain the diagnostic workup of a patient with DM
	investigations		94	Classify the pharmacological treatment of DM
			95	Explain life style modifications in the management of DM

	TreatmentComplications	1	96	Discuss the acute and chronic complications of DM
	Hypoglycemic coma	1	97	Explain the etiology, clinical features, and management of hypoglycemic coma
	Diabetic ketoacidosis	1	98	Explain the precipitating factors, diagnostic work up, and treatment of a patient with diabetic ketoacidosis
	Hyperosmolar non-ketotic diabetic coma	-	99	Explain the precipitating factors, diagnostic work up, and treatment of a patient with Hyperosmolar non-ketotic diabetic coma
	Lactic acidosis	-	100	Explain the precipitating factors, diagnostic work up, and treatment of a patient with Lactic acidosis
	Posterior pituitary gland	1	101	Discuss the functions of hormone Vasopressin secreted by the posterior pituitary gland
			102	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Diabetes insipidus
	SIADH	-	103	Explain the etiology, and pathogenesis of SIADH secretion
Pharmacology	Insulin	1	104	Classify Insulins
			105	Describe the sources of Insulin
			106	Describe the differences between the human, bovine and porcine Insulins
			107	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical uses of Insulin
			108	Describe the complications of Insulin therapy
			109	Describe the management of hypoglycemia caused by Insulin
			110	Describe the management of diabetic ketoacidosis

	Oral hypoglycemic drugs	2	111	Classify oral hypoglycemic drugs
			112	Enlist euglycaemic drugs
			113	Describe the mechanism of action and adverse effects of
				Sulphonylureas
			114	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Meglitinides
			115	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects
				of Biguanides
			116	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects
				of Thiazolidinediones
			117	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects
				of α-glucosidase inhibitors
			118	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Pramlintide,
				Exenatide and Sitagliptin
	Glucagon	1	119	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Glucagon
	Vasopressin/Desmopressin		120	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects
				of Desmopressin
			121	Enlist the drugs used in nephrogenic diabetes insipidus
Pediatrics	Management of Type 1	1	122	Enumerate the blood glucose parameters and the clinical signs for
	Diabetes mellitus in			an early diagnosis of diabetes in a child.
	children		123	Recognize how diabetes may present in young children or babies, to
				make the diagnosis and prevent coma or death
			124	Plan investigations and management plan for a newly diagnosed and
				a known diabetic child.
			125	Enumerate the different types of insulins.

Community	Non-communicable	2	126	Discuss Prevalence of diabetes mellitus globally and in Pakistan
medicine	diseases:		127	Discuss modifiable and non-modifiable risk factors for diabetes
	Prevention of diabetes			mellitus
	mellitus		128	Describe epidemiological determinants of diabetes mellitus
			129	Discuss screening methods for diabetes mellitus
			130	Discuss the prevention (Primary, secondary, and tertiary) and care
				of diabetes mellitus
		The	me-4	4: Moon face
Physiology	Physiology of the Adrenal	1	131	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of Adrenal gland
	cortical hormones		132	Explain the synthesis and functions of hormones of the adrenal
			cortex and their regulation by the anterior pituitary	
Pathology	Hypercortisolism and	1	133	Discuss the etiology of Hypercortisolism
	Cushing`s syndrome		134	Explain the etiology and clinical features, of Cushing's syndrome
	Hyperaldosteronism	1	135	Explain the etiology, and presentation of primary Hyperaldosteronism
	Adrenogenital syndrome	-	136	Explain the etiology, clinical features, of Adrenogenital syndrome
	Adrenal insufficiency	1	137	Classify adrenal insufficiency in the context of its etiology
 Primary (Acut Chronic) Secondary 	,		138	Discuss the clinical presentations and complications of adrenal insufficiency
	Adrenal neoplasms	1	139	Discuss the types of adrenal neoplasms
			140	Explain the morphology, and clinical features of adrenal noeplasms
	Pheochromocytoma	1	141	Explain the morphology, and clinical features of Pheochromocytoma

	Multiple Endocrine		142	Classify Multiple endocrine neoplasia syndrome
	Neoplasia syndromes (MEN)		143	Explain the morphology and clinical features of MEN
Medicine	Hypercortisolism and	1	144	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnostic workup, and
	Cushing`s syndrome			management of Hypercortisolism/Cushing`s syndrome
	Primary	1	145	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnostic workup, and
	Hyperaldosteronism			management of Primary Hyperaldosteronism
	Adrenogenital syndrome	1	146	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnostic workup, and
				management of Adrenogenital syndrome
	Adrenal insufficiency	1	147	Classify adrenal insufficiency
	• Primary (Acute and		148	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment
	Chronic)			of primary Addison`s disease
	Secondary		149	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment
				of pituitary adrenal insufficiency
	Adrenal neoplasms	1	150	Explain the types of adrenal tumors
			151	Discuss the clinical presentations, diagnostic workup, and treatment
				of adrenal tumors
	Pheochromocytoma	1	152	Explain the clinical features, investigations, management, and
				complications of Pheochromocytoma
	Gastro-entero-pancreatico-		153	Explain the clinical features, investigations, management of GEP-
	neoroendocine tumors			NETs/Carcinoid tumors.
	(GEP-NETs) including			
	Carcinoid tumors			

Pharmacology (Glucocorticoids	1	154	Classify Glucocorticoids
			155	Describe the mechanism of action, pharmacological effects, clinical
				uses, and adverse effects of glucocorticoids
		156	Describe dexamethasone suppression test	
	Glucocorticoid	1	157	Enlist Glucocorticoid antagonists/synthesis inhibitors
	antagonists/synthesis		158	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses and adverse effects
	inhibitors			of Mifepristone, Ketoconazole, Metyrapone and Aminoglutethimide
	Aldosterone antagonists	-	159	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
				of Spironolactone (apart from being used as diuretic)
Community	Introduction to nutrition,	8	160	Classify nutrients
medicine	medicine basic measurements & allowances		161	Discuss quality of nutrients in diet
			162	Discuss the balanced diet
			163	Discuss energy value of different nutrients
	Macronutrients	-	164	Describe classification of macronutrients
			165	Discuss the functions and importance of various macronutrients
			166	Discuss daily allowance of macro nutrients
			167	Discuss the diseases caused by their deficiency and excess
	Micronutrients -Vitamin	-	168	Describe classification of micronutrients
	deficiencies allowances &		169	Discuss the function and importance of various vitamins
	control		170	Discuss daily allowances of vitamins
			171	Discuss diseases caused by their deficiency
		-	172	Discuss the function and importance of various minerals essential for
				health

	Micronutrients -mineral		173	Discuss daily allowance of minerals intake
	deficiencies allowances		174	Discuss diseases caused by their deficiency
	and control			
	Undernutrition - Protein	-	175	Define undernutrition and its classification.
	calorie malnutrition and		176	Discuss protein calorie malnutrition & its causes
	control		177	Describe the various classifications for assessment of PEM
			178	Discuss control strategies of malnutrition
	Over-nutrition / obesity	-	179	Define obesity
	and it's control		180	Calculate BMI
			181	Discuss Epidemiology of obesity.
			182	enumerate Causes of obesity.
			183	Explain the Complications of obesity
			184	Formulate a management plan for obesity
			185	Discuss Prevention of obesity
	Them	e-5: l	nfer	tility and pregnancy
Pathology	Testicular tumors	1	186	Classify testicular tumors
			187	Explain the gross and microscopic morphology of benign and
				malignant testicular tumors
			188	Discuss the staging and prognosis of testicular malignant tumors
	Prostatic disorders	2	189	Explain the etiology and morphology of Prostatitis
	• Prostatitis		190	Explain the gross and microscopic morphology and complications of
				ВРН
k		•		

Benign prostatic		191	Explain the clinical features, types and staging of prostatic
hyperplasia (BPH)			carcinoma
Prostatic carcinoma			
Sexually transmitted	1	192	Explain the types of STDs
diseases (STDs)		193	Explain the stages, morphology, clinical features, and complications
• Syphilis			of Syphilis
Gonorrhea		194	Name the organisms causing Gonorrhea and its clinical features
Introduction to	1	195	Enlist different types of gynecological cancers
gynecological cancers			
Cervical carcinoma		196	Explain the gross and microscopic morphology, clinical features and
			staging of Cervical carcinoma
Endometritis	1	197	Explain the etiology and pathogenesis of endometritis
Uterine fibroids		198	Explain the etiology and morphology of uterine fibroids
Endometriosis		199	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis and morphology of endometriosis
Endometrial hyperplasia	1	200	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology of Endometrial
and endometrial carcinoma			hyperplasia /carcinoma
Polycystic ovarian disease	1	201	Explain the etiology, risk factors, clinical features and morphology
			of Polycystic ovary syndrome
Tumors of the ovary	1	202	Classify benign and malignant tumors of the ovary
• Benign		203	Explain the gross and microscopic morphology, clinical features,
• malignant			staging and complications of ovarian carcinoma.
	hyperplasia (BPH) Prostatic carcinoma Sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) Syphilis Gonorrhea Introduction to gynecological cancers Cervical carcinoma Endometritis Uterine fibroids Endometrial hyperplasia and endometrial carcinoma Polycystic ovarian disease Tumors of the ovary Benign 	hyperplasia (BPH)•Prostatic carcinomaSexuallytransmitted1diseases (STDs)•Syphilis•GonorrheaIntroductionto1gynecological cancersCervical carcinoma1Endometritis1Uterine fibroids1Endometrial hyperplasia1and endometrial carcinoma1Polycystic ovarian disease1Tumors of the ovary1•Benign	hyperplasia (BPH) • Prostatic carcinoma1Sexually diseases (STDs)193• Syphilis1• Gonorrhea194Introduction gynecological cancers1Cervical carcinoma196Endometritis1197Uterine fibroids199Endometrial and endometrial carcinoma1Polycystic ovarian disease1201Tumors of the ovary • Benign1203

Gynaecology	Anatomy of the	1	204	Describe the anatomy of the perineum, the vagina, cervix and
	reproductive tract			uterus, the adnexa and ovary
	Menopause	1	205	Define Menopause.
			206	Describe physiological and non-physiological menopause
			207	Explain the clinical effects of menopause on women
			208	Outline the assessment of menopausal women, based on modifiable
				and non-modifiable risk factors.
			209	Explain the management of menopause
			210	Describe the types, side-effects, relative and absolute
				contraindications of hormone replacement therapy (HRT)
	Contraception	1	211	Define contraception.
			212	Classify contraceptive methods
			213	Explain their mechanisms of action, efficacy, and failure rates
			214	Explain the risks and benefits of each method
			215	Identify the complications of different contraceptive methods
	Polycystic ovary syndrome	1	216	Explain the risk factors, aetiology, clinical features, investigations,
				treatment, complications, and prognosis of polycystic ovary
				syndrome
	Uterine fibroids	-	217	Explain the risk factors, clinical features, and management of
				uterine fibroids
	Endometrial cancers	1	218	Explain the risk factors, clinical features, investigations, prognosis,
				and management of endometrial carcinoma

Cervical carcinomas		219	Explain the risk factors, clinical features, investigations, prognosis,
			and management of cervical carcinoma
Female infertility	1	220	Define infertility
		221	Discuss the causes and management of female infertility
Malignant diseases of the	1	222	Classify benign and malignant diseases of the ovaries
ovaries		223	Explain the clinical features, diagnosis, serological markers, staging, management, and complications of ovarian carcinoma
Uterovaginal prolapse	1	224	Describe the etiology, clinical features, complications, and management of Uterovaginal prolapse
Urinary incontinence	1	225	Classify urinary incontinence
		226	Explain the etiology, clinical features, management, and prevention
			of urinary incontinence
Endometriosis	1	227	Define endometriosis
		228	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and
			management of Endometriosis
Abnormal uterine bleeding	1	229	Explain the etiology of abnormal uterine bleeding
		230	Describe the diagnostic approach to a patient with abnormal uterine
			bleeding
Miscarriage	1	231	Define miscarriage
		232	Explain the etiology, risk factors, management, and prevention of
			miscarriage
Ectopic gestation	1	233	Describe the etiology, clinical features, diagnosis, and management
			of ectopic gestation

	Gestational trophoblastic	1	234	Classify GTDs
	diseases (GTDs)		235	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnosis, management, and
				complications of H. Mole
			236	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnosis, management, and
				complications of Choriocarcinoma
	Vaginal discharge and STDs	1	237	Explain the etiology and diagnostic workup of vaginal discharge
			238	Describe the risk factors, etiology, clinical features, management,
				complications, and prevention of STDs
Pharmacology	Gonadotropins (FSH & LH)	1	239	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
	and human chorionic			of Gonadotropins (FSH & LH) and human chorionic gonadotropin
	gonadotropin			(hCG)
			240	Describe the role of gonadotropins in male infertility
	Gonadotropin-releasing	-	241	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses and adverse effects
	hormone and analogues			of Gonadotropin-releasing hormone and analogues (Gonadorelin and
	(Gonadorelin and others)			others)
	Oxytocin	1	242	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
				of Oxytocin
	Oestrogens	1	243	Classify Oestrogens
			244	Describe the mechanism of action, organ system effects, clinical
				uses, adverse effects, and contraindications of Oestrogens
			245	Describe Premarin
	Progestins	1	246	Classify Progestins
			247	Describe the mechanism of action, organ system effects, clinical
				uses, adverse effects, and contraindications of Progestins

	Oral contraceptives	2	248	Classify Oral contraceptives
			249	Describe the mechanism of action, organ system effects, clinical
				uses, adverse effects, and contraindications of oral contraceptive
				pills.
			250	Describe mini pills with their advantages and disadvantages
			251	Describe post-coital contraceptives
	Parenteral and implantable		252	Describe the use of Parenteral (Medroxyprogesterone) and
	contraceptives			implantable (Norplant system) contraceptives
	Ovulation-inducing agent	1	253	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects
	(Clomiphene)			of Clomiphene
	Mifepristone		254	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
				of Mifepristone
	Danazol		255	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
				of Danazol
	Androgens and anabolic	1	256	Enlist Androgens and anabolic steroids
	steroids		257	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects
				of androgen preparations
	Antiandrogens		258	Classify antiandrogens
			259	Describe the role of Ketoconazole as steroid synthesis inhibitor, its
				clinical uses, and adverse effects
			260	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Finasteride
			261	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Cyproterone
				acetate

			262	Describe the role of Spironolactone as androgen receptor blocker
				and its use in this context
	Male contraception		263	Enlist the drugs used for male contraception
			264	Describe the role of Gossypol as male contraceptive agent
Forensic	Impotence and sterility	1	265	Define impotence
medicine			266	Define sterility
			267	Examine under supervision a case of sterility and impotence
			268	Describe important causes leading to sterility and impotence in
Sterilization				males as well as in females
			269	Appreciate difference between sterility and impotence
			270	Medicolegal importance of sterility and impotence
	Sterilization	1	271	Define sterilization
			272	Medicolegal importance of sterilization
			273	Discuss the technique of sterilization in males and females
			274	enumerate legal formalities before sterilization
	Artificial insemination	1	275	Define artificial insemination
			276	Enumerate its different types
			277	Describe medicolegal aspects of artificial insemination
			278	Define test tube baby
			279	Define surrogate motherhood and enumerate its medicolegal importance
	Virginity	1	280	Define virginity
			281	Discuss signs of virginity
			282	Enumerate different types of hymen.

Pregnancy	1	283	Define pregnancy
		284	Describe presumptive signs of pregnancy
		285	Discuss probable signs of pregnancy
		286	Appreciate conclusive signs of pregnancy
		287	Enumerate signs of pregnancy in dead
		288	Discuss Medicolegal aspects of pregnancy
		289	Describe Isqat e Haml & Isqat E Janin as per PPC
Delivery	1	290	Define delivery
		291	Appreciate signs of recent delivery in living
		292	Appreciate or identify signs of recent delivery in dead
		293	Identify signs of remote delivery in living and dead
		294	Enumerate medicolegal aspects of delivery
Legitimacy & dissolution of	1	295	Define legitimacy
marriage		296	Define illegitimate child
		297	Enumerate medicolegal aspects of legitimacy
		298	Define superfetation
		299	Enumerate medicolegal aspects of affiliation/ adoption
		300	Enlist legal grounds for nullity and dissolution of marriage
Natural sexual offences:	1	301	Define rape as per CrPC
Rape & Incest		302	Enumerate medicolegal aspects of rape
		303	Examine under supervision a case of rape victim
		304	Examine under supervision examination of the accused
		305	Define incest

Zina	1	306	Define Muhsan as per Hudood ordinance 1979.
		307	Define Zina according Huddod ordinance 1979.
		308	Enumerate the conditions required for liability in case of Zina.
		309	Enlist punishment of Zina
		310	Enumerate steps of proof of Zina in the court
		311	Describe steps of complaint in case of Zina as per Cr PC
Unnatural sexual offences	1	312	Define sodomy
Sodomy		313	Enumerate steps of examination of passive agent in sodomy
		314	Enumerate steps of examination of active agent
		315	Define and describe buccal coitus
		316	Define and describe tribadism
		317	Define bestiality
Sexual perversions	1	318	Define sexual perversions
		319	Enumerate its different types
		320	Define and describe sadism
		321	Define and describe masochism
		322	Define and describe fetishism
		323	Define and describe exhibitionism
		324	Define and describe transvestism
		325	Define and describe uranism
		326	Define and describe voyeurism
		327	Define and describe frotteurism
		328	Define and describe urolagnia

	Abortion	1	329	Define abortion
			330	enumerate its different types
			331	enumerate salient features of natural abortion
			332	enumerate salient features of artificial abortion
			333	differentiate between natural and criminal abortion
			334	examine under supervision a case of criminal abortion and legal
				formalities to be fulfilled in such a case
Urology/Surgery	Causes of male infertility	1	335	Discuss the causes of male infertility
			336	Explain the diagnostic workup of a male infertile patient
Surgery	Cryptorchidism	1	337	Define Cryptorchidism
		-	338	Explain the etiology, complications, and management of
				Cryptorchidism
	Hydrocele and varicocele	-	339	Explain the cause, clinical features, complications and surgical
				management of hydrocele and varicocele
	Benign prostatic	1	340	Explain the etiology, clinical features, complications, and
	hyperplasia			management of BPH
	Carcinoma of prostate		341	Explain the etiology, clinical features, complications, staging,
				management, and prognosis of carcinoma of the prostate
Community	Safe motherhood	1	342	Define reproductive health
medicine			343	Describe components of reproductive health
			344	Define safe motherhood
			345	Discuss pillars of safe motherhood
	Antenatal care	1	346	Discuss antenatal care

			347	Discuss antenatal visits as per WHO
	Family planning and post	1	348	Define family planning
	abortion care		349	Discuss different methods of family planning
			350	Discuss contraceptive prevalence rate and factors responsible for
				low CPR
			351	Discuss Post abortion care
	Child promotion and	2	352	Define IMNCI & IMCI
	development strategies		353	Describe components of IMNCI
	(IMNCI, IMCI and growth		354	Enumerate principles of IMNCI
	monitoring)		355	Discuss growth monitoring
	Prevention of reproductive	1	356	Discuss different reproductive health diseases
	health diseases		357	Discuss STIs in detail
			358	Discuss risk factors and Prevention of CA cervix
Family medicine	Menstrual disorders	1	359	Enlist menstrual disorders
			360	Explain the etiology, investigations, and management of menstrual
				disorders in primary care
	Menopause		361	Explain the clinical features, and management of menopausal
				symptoms and complications in primary care
	Contraception	1	362	Explain the types of contraception methods
			363	Explain the merits and demerits of different contraceptive
				techniques
			364	Describe the complications associated with the use of oral and
				injectable contraceptives

	Vaginal discharge and STDs	1	365	Explain the etiology of vaginal discharge
			366	Describe the diagnosis and management of vaginal discharge in
				primary care
			367	Classify Sexually transmitted infections in females
			368	Describe the clinical features, investigations, and management of
				STDs in females in primary care
Theme-6:			ne-6:	Breast Lump
Pathology	Fibrocystic changes	1	369	Explain the fibrocystic changes in breast including cysts, fibrosis,
	Cysts and fibrosis			epithelial hyperplasia and adenosis
	Epithelial			
	hyperplasia			
	Adenosis			
	Fibro-adenoma	-	370	Explain the morphology of Fibro-adenoma of the breast
	Papilloma	-	371	Explain the morphology of papilloma of the breast
	Carcinoma of the breast	1	372	Explain the risk factors, etiolopathogenesis, clinical features,
				staging, and complications of carcinoma of the breast
	Gynecomastia	_	373	Discuss the causes and morphology of Gynecomastia
Surgery	Investigations of breast	1	374	justify the investigations of a patient with a breast lesion
	diseases			
	Benign breast diseases	-	375	Classify benign breast diseases
	Malignant breast diseases	2	376	Classify malignant breast diseases
			377	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, clinical features, investigations,
				management, and prognosis of a patient with breast cancer

			378	Describe the role of hormone receptors in breast cancer
			379	Explain the complications of breast cancer surgery
			380	Discuss the role of pharmacological treatment options in breast
				cancer management
			381	Explain the role of selective estrogen receptors modulators in the
				prevention of breast cancer in high-risk women
Pharmacology	Selective Estrogen	1	382	Enlist Selective Estrogen Receptor Modulators (SERMs)
	Receptor Modulators		383	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical uses of Tamoxifen
	(SERMs)- Tamoxifen and			
	others			
Community	Breast feeding	1	384	Discuss advantages of breast feeding
medicine			385	Discuss artificial feeding
			386	Discuss baby friendly hospital initiative
			387	Discuss guidelines on infant and child feeding
	Screening and prevention		388	Discuss different methods of screening for breast cancer
	of breast cancer		389	Discuss levels of prevention of breast cancer
Radiology	Radiological approaches to	1	390	Explain the indications, procedure, and interpretation of ultrasound
	breast cancer screening			and mammography in the investigation of breast lumps
PRIME/MEDICAL	Counselling- Breaking bad	1	391	Explain the concept of SPICES model of breaking bad news
EDUCATION	news.			

			Pract	tical work
Pharmacology	Graves' disease	1.5	392	Formulate prescription for a patient with Graves' disease
	Diabetes mellitus	1.5	393	Formulate prescription for a patient with type 1 and type 2 Diabetes
				mellitus
Pathology	Glucose estimation	1.5	394	Check glucose in urine
			395	Check blood glucose in a given sample.
	Goitre	1.5	396	Identify the microscopic features of multinodular goitre
	Pap smear	1.5	397	Interpret a pap smear slide
	Fibroids	1.5	398	Identify the microscopic features of uterine fibroids
	Carcinoma breast	1.5	399	Identify the microscopic features of carcinoma of the breast
Forensic medicine	Examination of a rape	2	400	Take consent from a rape victim
	victim and assailant		401	Examine a rape victim/manikin
			402	Describe the procedure of taking sample from the victim/manikin/item
			403	Describe the procedure of Sealing and preservation of the specimen
	Examination of sodomy	2	404	Describe the procedure of Examining a victim of sodomy
	victim and assailant		405	Describe the procedure of Taking sample from the victim/manikin/item
			406	Describe the procedure of Sealing and preservation of the specimen
Community	Contraception	1.5	407	Identify the contraceptive device/drug
medicine			408	Explain the merits and demerits
			409	Discuss the method of administration of the given device/drug
	Mother and child health	1.5	410	Identify the chart

		411	Devise a schedule plan for antenatal visits as per WHO criteria
EPI schedule	1.5	412	Counsel the mother for EPI schedule
Vaccination and	1.5	413	Identify the vaccine
immunization		414	Explain its uses
		415	Discuss its schedule of administration
		416	Discuss the results of VVM (vaccine voile monitor) and its uses in
			epidemics
IMCI- anthropometric	1.5	417	Identify the model
measures / Shakir`s tape		418	Measure the mid-arm circumference
		419	Calculate the weight and height of the child
		420	Interpret the results
Growth chart	1.5	421	Identify the chart
		422	Plot the graph using a scenario
		423	Interpret different parts of the chart
Demographic indicators	1.5	424	Interpret the given demographic indicator (population pyramid, HDI,
			PQLI, Growth rate and dependency ratio)